## "free fall problem"

A mass located at 1.5 meters above the ground is thrown upward with velocity 10 m/s.

- a.) Where will the body be at t = .2 seconds?
- b.) At what time will the mass be at y = 4.0 meters?
- c.) What will the mass's velocity be after .15 seconds?
- d.) What will the mass's velocity be when at y = 1.25 meters?
- e.) How high maximum (relative to the ground) will the mass go?

A mass located at 1.5 meters above the ground is thrown upward with velocity 10 m/s.

 $\begin{vmatrix} v_1 = 10 \text{ m} \\ y_1 = 1.5 \text{ m} - \bullet - - - \end{vmatrix}$ 

a.) Where will the body be at t = .2 seconds?

 $y_0 = 0$ 

b.) At what time will the mass be at y = 4.0 meters?

2.)

1.)

2.)

A mass located at 1.5 meters above the ground is thrown upward with velocity 10 m/s.

$$v_1 = 10 \text{ n}$$

$$y_1 = 1.5 \text{ m} - \bullet - - -$$

a.) Where will the body be at t = .2 seconds?

$$y_2 = y_1 + v_{1,y}$$
 ( $\Delta t$ )  $+\frac{1}{2}$   $a_y$  ( $\Delta t$ )<sup>2</sup>  $y_o = 0$  = (1.50 m)+(10.0 m/s)(.200 s)+ $\frac{1}{2}$ (-9.80 m/s<sup>2</sup>)(.200 s)<sup>2</sup> = 3.30 m

b.) At what time will the mass be at y = 4.0 meters?

$$y_3 = y_1 + v_{1,y}(\Delta t) + \frac{1}{2}a_y(\Delta t)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow (4.00 \text{ m}) = (1.50 \text{ m}) + (10.0 \text{ m/s})(\Delta t) + \frac{1}{2}(-9.80 \text{ m/s}^2)(\Delta t)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = (-2.50 \text{ m}) + (10.0 \text{ m/s})(\Delta t) - (4.9 \text{ m/s}^2)(\Delta t)^2$$

$$(\Delta t) = .292s \text{ or } 1.75 \text{ s}$$

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$$\int_{V_1} v_1 = 10 \text{ n}$$

$$y_1 = 1.5 \text{ m} - \bullet - - -$$

c.) What will the mass's velocity be after .15 seconds?

$$v_{2,y} = v_{1,y} + a_y (\Delta t)$$
  $y_0 = 0$  —
$$= (10.0 \text{ m/s}) + (-9.80 \text{ m/s}^2)(.150 \text{ s})$$

$$= 8.53 \text{ m/s}$$

d.) What will the mass's velocity be when at y = 1.25 meters?

$$(v_{y,2})^2 = (v_{y,1})^2 + 2a_y (y_2 - y_1)$$

$$= (10.0 \text{ m/s})^2 + 2(-9.80 \text{ m/s}^2)((1.25 \text{ m}) - (1.50 \text{ m}))$$

$$\Rightarrow |v_{y,2}| = [(10.0 \text{ m/s})^2 + 2(-9.80 \text{ m/s}^2)(-.25 \text{ m})]^{1/2}$$

$$= 10.24 \text{ m/s}$$

3.)

A mass located at 1.5 meters above the ground is thrown upward with velocity 10 m/s.

$$v_1 = 10 \text{ m/s}$$

e.) How high maximum (relative to the ground) will the mass go?

$$(v_{\text{top,y}})^2 = (v_{1,y})^2 + 2a_y \Delta y$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = (10.0 \text{ m/s})^2 + 2(-9.80 \text{ m/s}^2)(y_{\text{max}} - (1.50 \text{ m}))$$

$$\Rightarrow y_{\text{max}} = 6.60 \text{ m}$$

4.)

